

MONTHLY FOREIGN TRADE REPORT N° 19, OCTOBER 2004

INTRODUCTION

According to the disclosure policy of Chile Customs Service, foreign trade figures registered in October 2004 and during the first nine months of the current year are provided herewith with special emphasis on data as per regional Customs offices. These figures relate to imports valued on CIF basis and exports on FOB

Such preliminary figures arise from Customs procedures recorded on the Import and Export declarations, as set forth in the International Convention on Simplification and Harmonization of Customs Procedures (Kyoto Convention, 1995)¹ and the UN Manual of Statistics on International Trade of Goods. According to the above mentioned instruments, the term "imports" means goods brought into a Customs territory by means of clearance for home use which provides for the free circulation of such goods in the Customs territory upon the payment of import duties and taxes levied; on the other hand, the term "export" is defined as goods of free circulation which leave the Customs territory and are intended for their definite stay abroad, being excluded those goods which leave the country covered either by a temporary exit procedure for an outward processing or a manufacturing procedure, or with refund of import duties and taxes.

Likewise, it should be noted that the figures provided by Customs are used by the Central Bank as stipulated in the Manual on Balance of Payments; therefore, they complement the documents of the.

OVERVIEW

In October 2004, Chilean trade exchange showed a growth of 47% compared to the same period of 2003, and reached US\$ 5.020. On the other hand, the first ten-months period of 2004 registered an

increase of 40%, compared to the same period of 2003.

In October, the foreign trade with Asia (63%), Europe (59%) and America (30%) was very dynamic. Likewise, it should be noted the international trade with the main economic blocks: European Union (55%), NAFTA (29%), MERCOSUR (27%) and ALADI (24%).

The Asia Region remained the largest destination for Chile exports (55%) during the Jan-Oct. period of 2004, in comparison with the same period of 2003, while the European Union (37%) excelled as the most dynamic economic block.

In October, exports showed an increase of 54% and imports increased in 40%, compared to the same month of the previous year. Moreover, during the first ten months of the year exports registered a growth of 52% and imports increased in 26%, in comparison with the same period of 2003.

During the month under review, Europe became the destination market for Chilean exports which registered an increase of (79%), followed by Asia (71%) and America (33%). Likewise, between January and October 2004, Asia showed the highest accrued growth (67%), exceeding Europe and America (60% and 36%, respectively).

Moreover, in October the importation of Asia originating goods showed the greatest increase in relation to other important geographical regions (50%), such as America (28%) and Europe (25%). NAFTA (28%), European Union (26%) and MERCOSUR (20%) also excelled as economic blocks.

¹ Customs Cooperation Council (World Customs Organization).

During January - October 2004, the seven main destination countries that represented 60% of the total Chile's exports were United States (14.6% share), Japan (11.7%) and China (10.4%). The Netherlands (106.2%), France (75.7%) and South Korea (73.0%) were among the main destination countries that registered the highest increase.

Likewise, during the first ten-months of 2004, the main seven originating countries for Chilean imports represented 65% of the total imports. Argentina (19.0%), United States (15.1%) and Brazil (12.3%) showed the highest growth, while Brazil (39.2%), China (36.3%) and United States (29.3%) registered the most significant variations.

Regarding October 2004, fifteen products represented 30% of the total imports. Among these products with an important share in imports are coal (another than bituminous), which jumped from US\$ 0 to US\$ 10 millions between October 2003 and October 2004, and parts for aircrafts not classified in heading 8805 of Customs Tariff (US\$ 7.8 millions; these products were not imported during October 2003). With regard to October 2004, among the products with an important share in imports are petroleum (US\$ 363 millions, 67% increase) and diesel fuel (US\$ 57 millions and 689% increase). During the first ten-months of 2004 petroleum amounted US\$ 2,335 millions and registered an increase of 29%, while diesel fuel amounted US\$ 353 millions (102% accrued growth).

Moreover, the 62% of exports made during the month under review was mainly influenced by ten products, which showed a high growth. Among these products are Ferro-molybdenum (401% increase), molybdenum ores and concentrates, not roasted (238%) and blister metallic copper (169%). On the other hand, copper cathodes registered 21% share during Jan.-Oct. 2003 while in the same period of 2004 showed an increase of 27%, (US\$ 6,670 millions), and copper ores (US\$ 3,959 millions) with 16% share in the first ten-months of 2004. Likewise, during this period shipment of molybdenum concentrates, not roasted (556%), molybdenum trioxide (227%), Ferro-molybdenum (216%) and molybdenum concentrates roasted (214%) showed significant increases.

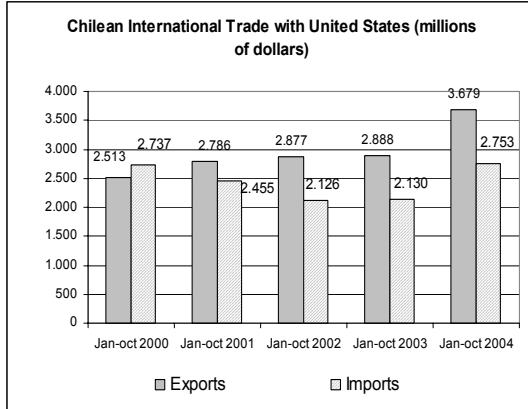
TRADE WITH THE UNITED STATES

In October, exports to the United States showed an increase of 27%, in comparison to the same month of 2003, and only ten products represented 46% of the total exports. Such goods registered a great growth (157%), while the remaining products exported to the United States fell by -12%.

Among the main ten products above-mentioned, three of them were not exported in October 2003: methanol (amounted US\$ 9 millions in October 2004), unwrought silver, alloy (US\$ 6.8 millions) anodes, waste and scrap of a copper content less than 94% by weight (US\$ 4.3 millions). On the other hand, among the ten products that registered a significant increase and share were molybdenum concentrates, not roasted (2,390%), molybdenum concentrates, roasted (1,336%) and copper cathodes (119%). It should be mentioned the increase of exports of less traditional products such as fresh bilberries, except cranberries (123%), pneumatic tires of a kind used on motor cars (51%), doors of timber (42%) and salmon pieces (33%), among others.

In October, US originating imports registered a growth of 39%, compared to the same month of 2003. The ten products with a significant increase and share registered a growth of 1,509%, which meant raise their share from 2% in October 2003 to 33% in October 2004. Self-propelled machinery with a 360° revolving superstructure, except excavators (US\$ 7.8 millions in October 2004), urea (US\$ 7.7 millions) and coal (except bituminous coal) (US\$ 6.7 millions) were among the above mentioned ten products that were not imported. Moreover, regarding Jan.-Oct. period of 2004 diesel fuel amounted US\$ 183 millions and registered an increase of 887%, compared to the same period of 2003. It is followed by self-propelled diesel dumpers having a payload capacity exceeding 30 ton (US\$ 69 millions and 106% increase) and track-laying bulldozers (US\$ 30 millions and 4,280% increase). It should be noted too the imports from the main economy (products which were not imported in Jan. - Oct. Period of 2003): coal (other than bituminous coal) (US\$ 15.5 millions), urea (US\$ 14.0 millions) and gas

turbines of an output exceeding 5 MW (except for generating sets) (US\$ 12.8 millions).

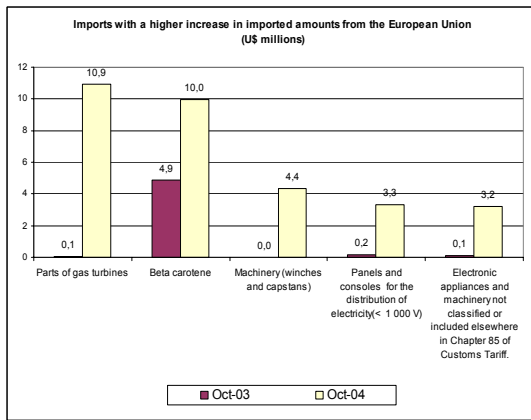


During the last ten-months of 2004, exports have registered a growth rate of 57%, compared to Jan.-Oct. period of 2003.

Furthermore, EU originating imports increased by 26% during October 2004, compared to the same month of the previous year. Among the more significant products were parts of gas turbines (US\$ 11 millions and 18,197% increase), Beta carotene (US\$ 10 millions and 104% increase) and machinery (winches and capstans), (there were not imports of this product in October 2003) (US\$ 4.4 millions in October 2004).

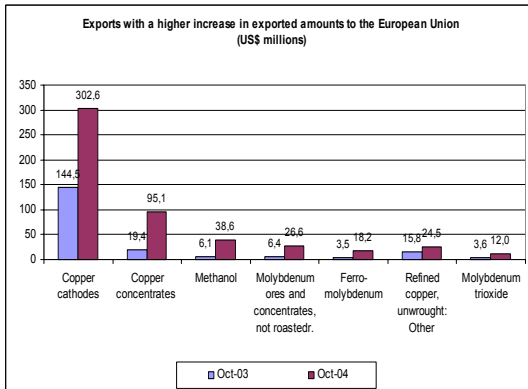
TRADE WITH THE EUROPEAN UNION

Exports to the European Union showed an increase of 71% during October 2004, compared to the same month of 2003. This increase was influenced by the greatest exports of copper cathodes (US\$ 303 millions and 109% increase), copper concentrates (US\$ 95 millions and 390% increase) and methanol (US\$ 39 millions and 531% increase). It should be mentioned those products with less exported amounts but with a significant increase such as Ferro-molybdenum (414%), frozen fillets of Atlantic salmon (234%), molybdenum trioxide (233%) and avocado of Hass variety (111%).

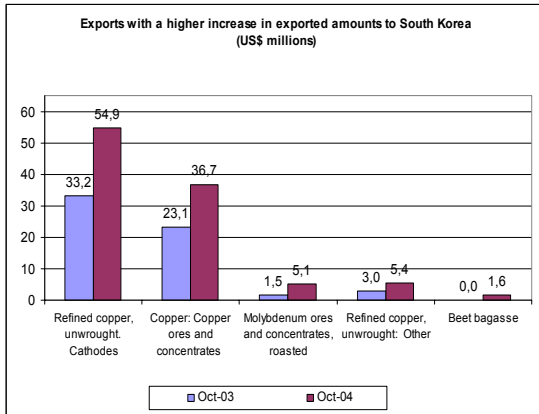


TRADE WITH THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA

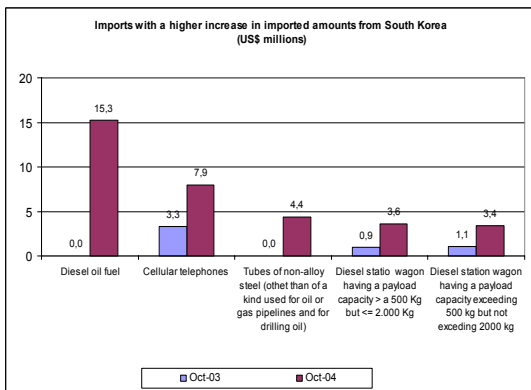
Exports Korea showed an increase of 51% during October 2004, compared to the same month of the previous year. It should be mentioned that the FTA with that country went into force on 1 April.



As in previous months, copper cathodes (US\$ 55 millions) and copper concentrates (US\$ 37 millions) explained the 79% of the total value exported to Korea during October 2004. However, it is important to highlight those products that were not exported in October 2003, such as beet bagasse (US\$ 1.6 millions), waste and ash containing mainly gold (US\$ 1.2 millions), waste and ash containing mainly silver (US\$ 851 millions) and Atlantic salmon, frozen, gutted and without head (US\$ 213 millions), among others.



South Korea originating imports showed an increase of 58%, in October 2004, compared to the same month of 2003. Among those goods with the most prevalence were diesel fuel (US\$ 15 millions, there were not imports of this product in October 2003), cellular telephones (US\$ 8 millions and 141% increase), tubes of non-alloy steel (other than of a kind used for oil or gas, or for drilling oil) (US\$ 4 millions; these products were not imported in October 2003), and diesel station wagon having a payload capacity exceeding 500 kg but not exceeding 2,000 kg (US\$ 4 millions and 275% increase).



It is worth mentioning the successful application of the FTA signed with Korea, specially now that Chile is the host country for APEC meeting 2004, which will be finished with the Leaders' meeting of APEC's 21 Member Economies.

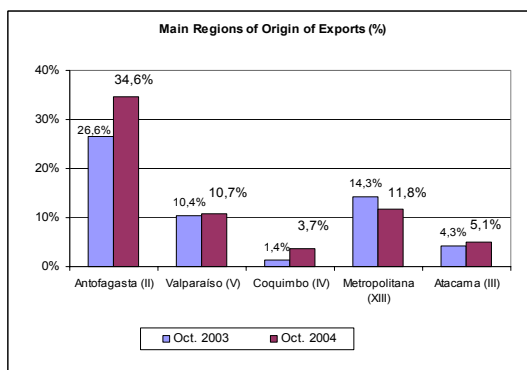
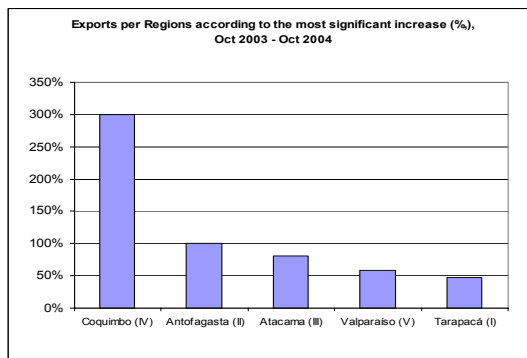
The behavior of foreign trade flows with Korea was highlighted previously by Chile

Customs General Director, Mr. Raúl Allard, during APEC Customs Business Dialogue, held on September, in Viña del Mar, with participation of speakers from over 20 countries and 320 businessmen, academic and government representatives.

CHILEAN EXPORTS AS PER COUNTRY REGION: MAIN GOODS EXPORTED AND DESTINATION COUNTRIES

During October 2004, the goods originated in Region Coquimbo registered the highest growth (300%), compared to the same month of the previous year. They were followed by exports originating in Regions Antofagasta (101%), Atacama (80%) and Valparaiso (59%).

Besides, in October products exported through Regions Antofagasta, Metropolitan and Valparaiso accounted for 57% of the total exported value and together registered a growth of 72%, figure that doubled the growth of the rest of regional exports.



The following is an analysis of the evolution of goods and their main destinations for the three most relevant regions of origin of the products.

Copper cathodes (US\$ 575 millions and 110% increase), copper concentrates (US\$ 235 millions and 107% increase) and blister copper (US\$75 millions and 2,051% increase) were among the main exported products originating in Region Antofagasta in October 2004. As for these products, their main destination markets were China (US\$ 162 millions and 109% increase), Japan (US\$ 89 millions and 107% increase) and South Korea (US\$ 88 millions and 92% increase).

Although Region Metropolitan is the second exporting Region, the month growth rate was only 27% versus 54% exhibited by the average. Ferro-molybdenum (US\$ 20 millions and 401% increase), molybdenum concentrates, not roasted (US\$ 17 millions and 483% increase) and molybdenum concentrates, roasted (US\$ 17 millions and 46% increase) were the main three products originating in Region Metropolitan.

In October, the United States was the main destination market (US\$ 52 millions and only 16% increase) for the products coming for this Region. The Netherlands (US\$ 43 millions and 368% increase) was the second destination market and Brazil (US\$ 25 millions and 54% increase) the third one.

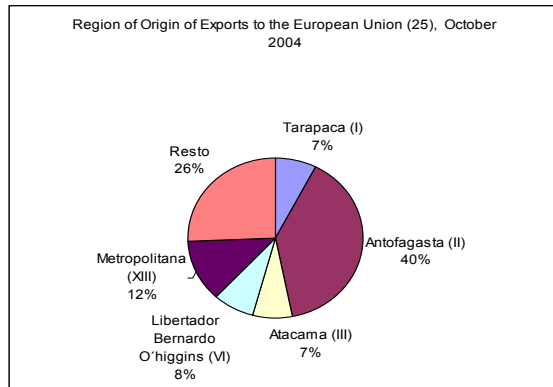
As for the Region Valparaíso, it should be noted the exported amounts of mining products such as copper concentrates (US\$ 65 millions and a growth rate of 166%), copper cathodes (US\$ 59 millions and 129% increase) and copper blister (US\$ 27 millions and 45% increase). The fourth product in order of importance was avocado of Hass variety (US\$ 24 millions and 76% increase).

During October, United States (US\$ 56 millions), China (US\$ 49 millions) and Brazil (US\$ 36 millions) were the main destination markets for Region V since they represented 48% of the total exported value. Brazil concentrated 87% of the exports coming from Region V.

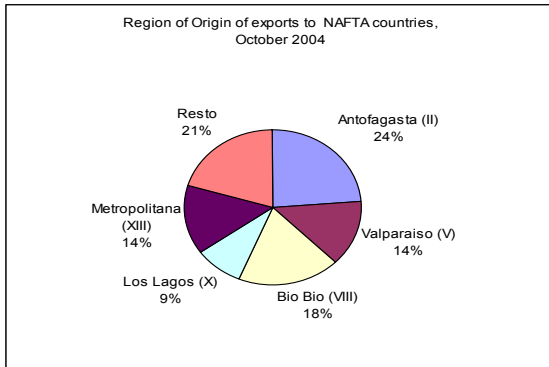
The following is an analysis to the main commercial blocks according to originating goods.

Of the total exported to the European Union (US\$ 718 millions) in October 40% of the shipments came from Region II, 12% from Region Metropolitan and 8% from Region VI.

The main exported products originating in Region II were copper cathodes (US\$ millions), copper concentrates (US\$ 39 millions) and unwrought gold (US\$ 11 millions); while the three main exported products to the EU originating in Region Metropolitan were Ferro-molybdenum (US\$ 18 millions), molybdenum concentrates, not roasted (US\$ 14 millions) and molybdenum trioxide (US\$ 12 millions).

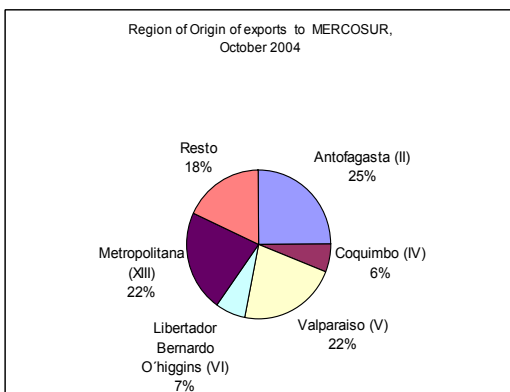


Exports to NAFTA countries amounted US\$ 586 millions, which represented an increase of 29% during October 2004. The main supply region of products exported to NAFTA countries was Antofagasta (24% share). Regions VIII (18%) and Metropolitan (14%) followed. Copper blister (US\$ 65 millions) and copper cathodes (US\$ 60 millions) were exported by Region II. The main products originating in Region VIII exported to NAFTA countries were rods and moldings of radiata pinus (US\$ 28 millions), swan timber of pinus radiata (US\$ 22 millions) and methanol (US\$ 9 millions).



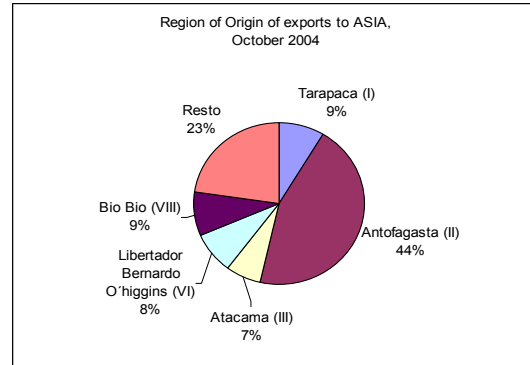
Regarding MERCOSUR, exports reached US\$ 197 millions during October and an increase of 63%. Regions II (25% share), Metropolitan (22%) and Valparaíso (22%) were the main supply regions of products exported to MERCOSUR.

Copper cathodes (US\$ 28 millions) and copper concentrates (US\$ 19 millions) were the main products originating in Region Antofagasta exported to MERCOSUR. Region Metropolitan exported to this economic block products like molybdenum concentrates, roasted (US\$ 4.8 millions), wire of refined copper (US\$ 4.8 millions) and services that qualify for exports (US\$ 2.5 millions), among others.



Finally, exports to Asia amounted US\$ 918 millions and registered 71% increase during October 2004. Such amount was greatly influenced by (44%) goods coming from Region II, mainly copper cathodes and concentrates US\$ 397 millions. On the other hand, Region VIII contributed with 9% of the total exported to Asia, being the main

products bleached or semi-bleached conifer cellulose (US\$ 27 millions), sawn timber of pinus radiata (US\$ 17.5 millions) and fish flour of protein content 68% or more by weight (US\$ 8.8 millions).



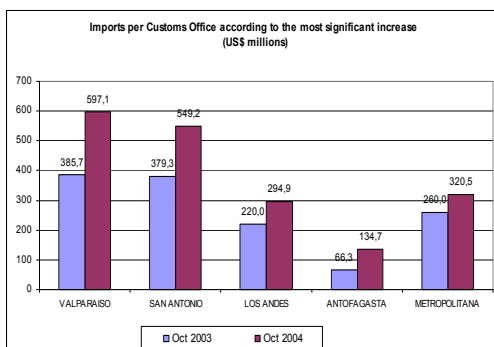
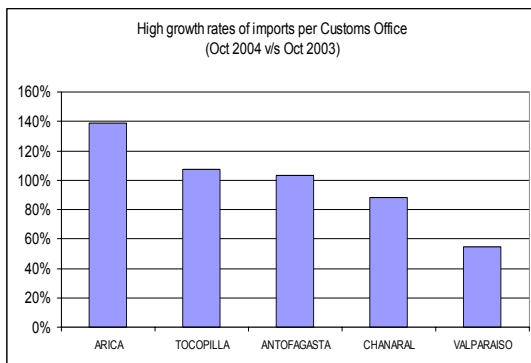
During October only eight (8) categories of exported products (addition of tariff headings) accounted for 68% of Chile total shipments. In the case of copper, Region II concentrates 60% of the product exports, 59% of the cellulose came from Region VIII and in the case of salmon more than 90% came from Region X, and 62% of wine originating in Region Metropolitan.

Main Export Products (october 2004)	Exported Value (US\$ millions)	% Participation	Main Region of Origin	Secondary Main Region of Origin
Copper	1.465,9	53,5%	II (60%)	I (10%)
Cellulose	91,0	3,3%	VIII (59%)	IX (16%)
Salmon	76,9	2,8%	X (93%)	XI (4%)
Wine	70,9	2,6%	RM (62%)	VII (15%)
Timber	54,4	2,0%	VIII (88%)	X (8%)
Methanol	54,5	2,0%	XII (83%)	VIII (17%)
Fresh Fruit	44,5	1,6%	V (77%)	VII (9%)
Fish Flour	3,1	0,1%	I (55%)	X (25%)
Rest of Products	880,7	32,1%	RM (31%)	VIII (18%)
TOTAL GENERAL	2.741,9	100,0%	II (35%)	RM (12%)

IMPORTS AS PER CUSTOMS OFFICE: MAIN PRODUCTS AND ORIGINS

Imports in October amounted US\$ 2,278 millions. This figure was influenced by the entries of goods through Customs Offices in Arica (139%), Tocopilla (108%) and Antofagasta (103%), compared to the same month last year.

Moreover, in October, the global output was greatly influenced by Customs Offices in Valparaíso, San Antonio and Los Andes. Likewise. It should be noted that the above-mentioned Customs Offices jointly showed an increase of 46%, in comparison with the entries of goods through the remaining Customs Offices that registered 29% increase.

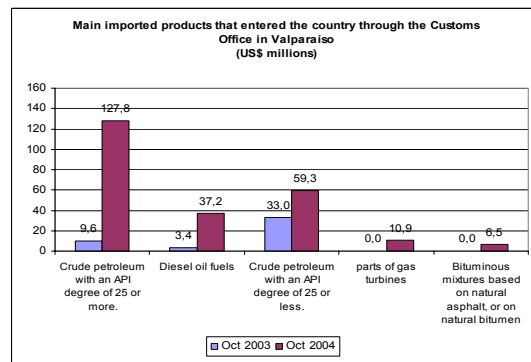


The following is a summary of the evolution of goods and their main origins for the three most relevant Customs in terms of amount imported.

In October, goods cleared through the Customs Office in Valparaíso totaled US\$ 597 millions. Among the products with

higher share and increase during the month under study were crude petroleum (US\$ 187 millions and 339% increase compared to October 2003), diesel oil fuels (US\$ 37 millions and 994% increase) and parts of gas turbines (US\$ 11 millions. It is worth mentioning too imports of industrial products such as video recording and reproducing apparatus, DVD type (US\$ 4.5 millions and 149% increase), crushing or grinding machines (US\$ 2.3 millions; there were not imports of this product in October 2003) and front loaders (US\$ 2.3 millions).

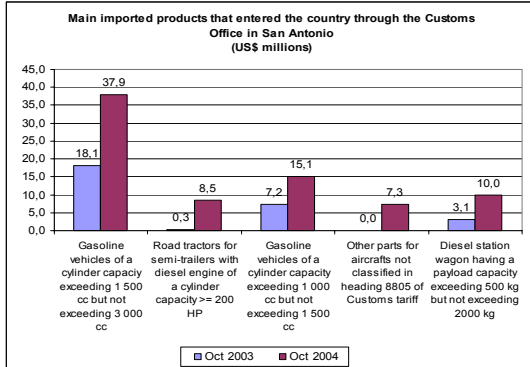
In October, the main originating countries of the imported goods that entered the country through the Customs Office in Valparaíso were Nigeria (13% share), China (13%), Argentina (9%) and Angola (8%). Fuels coming from supply countries such as Angola (from US\$ 0 to US\$ 48 millions between Sep. 2003 to Sep. 2004) and Nigeria (723% increase also showed a significant growth.



The volume of goods imported through the Customs Office in San Antonio, during October (US\$ 549 millions) was significantly influenced by the entry of gasoline vehicles of a cylinder capacity exceeding 1,500 cc but not exceeding 3,000 cc (US\$ 38 millions and 109% increase), road tractors for semi-trailers with diesel engine of 200 HP (US\$ 8.5 millions and 2,786% increase) and gasoline vehicles of a cylinder capacity exceeding 1 000 cc but not exceeding 1500 cc (US\$ 15 millions and 110% increase). United States (18% share), China (18% share) and Japan (8%share) were the main originating countries of imports cleared through the Customs Office San Antonio. However, it should be mentioned the

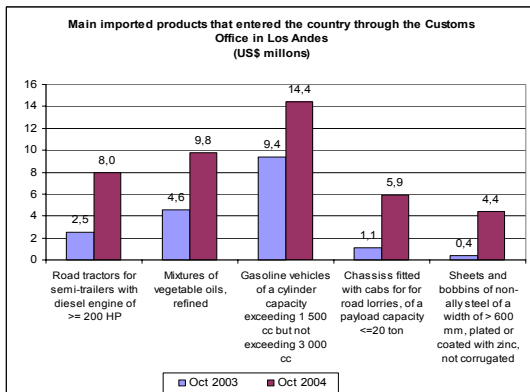
significant increase of imports coming from Japan (248%) and from other countries with less share such as Germany (109%) and Colombia (87%).

(900%), Paraguay (414%) and China (150%).



The English translation of this Report is included for information purposes only. In the event of any discrepancy or difference of interpretation, the Spanish original shall prevail.

Finally, regarding the importing activity in the Customs Office in Los Andes, goods worth US\$ 295 millions were entered during October 2004. The most significant increase and share observed were in the entries of road tractors for semi-trailers with motor diesel 200 HP (US\$ 8 millions and 220% increase), mixtures of refined vegetable oils (US\$ 9.8 millions and 111% increase) and gasoline vehicles of a cylinder capacity exceeding 1,500 cc but not exceeding 3,000 cc (US\$ 14.4 millions and 53% increase).



In October, Brazil (49% share) and Argentina (47%) were the main originating countries of imports cleared through the Customs Office in Los Andes. However, it was also observed imports coming from countries with less share but which showed significant increases such as France

Statistical annex (preliminary version)

CHILEAN INTERNATIONAL TRADE PER GEOGRAPHIC AREAS AND MAIN COMMERCIAL PARTNERS (US\$ Millions)									
Area	Period	October 2004	October 2003	Jan-Oct 2004	Jan-Oct 2003	Jan-Oct 2004		October 2004	
						Percentual variation (04/03)	Percentual participation	Percentual variation (Oct 04/03)	Percentual participation
AMERICA		2.261,3	1.736,8	19.312,6	14.891,0	29,7%	44,5%	30,2%	45,0%
ALADI		1.332,0	1.077,6	11.375,8	8.797,2	29,3%	26,2%	23,6%	26,5%
Mercosur		899,8	708,4	7.437,0	5.870,1	26,7%	17,1%	27,0%	17,9%
Argentina		458,5	403,9	3.815,3	3.425,9	11,4%	8,8%	13,5%	9,1%
Brazil		412,3	277,1	3.397,3	2.291,0	48,3%	7,8%	48,8%	8,2%
Peru		128,9	80,9	1.001,1	688,1	45,5%	2,3%	59,4%	2,6%
Venezuela		53,1	31,3	373,9	217,4	72,0%	0,9%	69,6%	1,1%
Nafta		999,6	775,3	8.901,1	6.799,9	30,9%	20,5%	28,9%	19,9%
United States		688,3	519,1	6.432,4	5.017,6	28,2%	14,8%	32,6%	13,7%
Canada		160,9	92,1	915,8	623,4	46,9%	2,1%	74,8%	3,2%
Mexico		150,3	164,1	1.552,9	1.159,0	34,0%	3,6%	-8,4%	3,0%
Rest of America		80,0	48,0	588,6	452,8	30,0%	1,4%	66,6%	1,6%
EUROPE		1.121,0	706,1	10.191,7	7.314,6	39,3%	23,5%	58,8%	22,3%
European Union (25)		1.027,1	663,5	9.426,5	6.880,4	37,0%	21,7%	54,8%	20,5%
European Union (15)		1.009,0	657,6	9.332,5	6.803,0	37,2%	21,5%	53,4%	20,1%
France		177,8	114,6	1.547,3	1.138,2	35,9%	3,6%	55,2%	3,5%
Germany		171,0	99,8	1.449,9	1.095,3	32,4%	3,3%	71,2%	3,4%
Holand		169,4	69,1	1.497,3	739,3	102,5%	3,5%	145,1%	3,4%
Italy		149,6	111,7	1.479,0	1.081,1	36,8%	3,4%	33,9%	3,0%
Rest of Europe		94,0	42,6	766,0	434,5	76,3%	1,8%	120,8%	1,9%
ASIA		1.407,2	862,2	12.320,2	7.953,3	54,9%	28,4%	63,2%	28,0%
China		578,7	357,9	4.143,8	2.725,8	52,0%	9,5%	61,7%	11,5%
Japan		355,0	216,8	3.589,6	2.279,3	57,5%	8,3%	63,8%	7,1%
South Korea		199,3	129,7	2.028,0	1.286,6	57,6%	4,7%	53,7%	4,0%
Taiwan		106,9	70,3	968,8	628,3	54,2%	2,2%	52,1%	2,1%
Rest of Asia		167,3	87,7	1.589,9	1.033,3	54%	4%	91%	3%
Rest of the World		230,0	107,5	1.570,6	893,0	75,9%	3,6%	113,9%	4,6%
TOTAL		5.019,5	3.412,7	43.395,0	31.051,8	39,8%	100,0%	47,1%	100,0%

NOTICES 1: China includes Hong Kong; Ranking per month in course of year 2004; The trade with Mexico are included in the trade with ALADI and NAFTA.
Source : Import and Export Declarations.

EXPORTS PER GEOGRAPHIC AREAS AND MAIN COMMERCIAL PARTNERS (US\$ Millions)									
Area	Period	October 2004	October 2003	Jan-Oct 2004	Jan-Oct 2003	Jan-Oct 2004		October 2004	
						Percentual variation (04/03)	Percentual participation	Percentual variation (Oct 04/03)	Percentual participation
AMERICA		985,6	743,6	8.743,2	6.442,8	35,7%	34,8%	32,5%	35,9%
ALADI		432,5	357,5	3.923,5	2.807,5	39,7%	15,6%	21,0%	15,8%
Mercosur		197,4	120,7	1.600,9	993,6	61,1%	6,4%	63,5%	7,2%
Brazil		149,8	80,7	1.159,8	683,1	69,8%	4,6%	85,6%	5,5%
Argentina		39,0	33,5	356,4	260,0	37,1%	1,4%	16,4%	1,4%
Peru		43,0	37,8	431,3	337,8	27,7%	1,7%	13,7%	1,6%
Colombia		26,2	23,9	260,8	231,4	12,7%	1,0%	9,3%	1,0%
Nafta		585,6	452,2	5.350,2	4.004,4	33,6%	21,3%	29,5%	21,4%
United States		357,4	281,2	3.679,0	2.887,5	27,4%	14,6%	27,1%	13,0%
Canada		125,1	61,2	627,9	351,3	78,7%	2,5%	104,4%	4,6%
Mexico		103,1	109,9	1.043,4	765,6	36,3%	4,1%	-6,1%	3,8%
Rest of America		70,6	43,8	512,9	396,4	29,4%	2,0%	61,1%	2,6%
EUROPE		791,2	441,9	7.011,6	4.373,4	60,3%	27,9%	79,0%	28,9%
European Union (25)		718,2	419,1	6.490,5	4.129,1	57,2%	25,8%	71,3%	26,2%
European Union (15)		706,9	416,5	6.447,6	4.106,4	57,0%	25,6%	69,7%	25,8%
Holand		158,5	56,0	1.333,8	646,8	106,2%	5,3%	182,8%	5,8%
France		138,7	77,8	1.131,2	643,7	75,7%	4,5%	78,4%	5,1%
Italy		118,0	86,1	1.113,7	759,7	46,6%	4,4%	37,1%	4,3%
Germany		83,0	46,9	771,8	510,0	51,3%	3,1%	77,0%	3,0%
Resto Europa		73,0	22,8	521,8	244,4	113,5%	2,1%	220,9%	2,7%
ASIA		917,6	536,1	8.884,7	5.316,6	67,1%	35,3%	71,1%	33,5%
China		367,2	207,4	2.604,5	1.596,5	63,1%	10,4%	77,0%	13,4%
Japan		260,2	162,2	2.931,7	1.766,9	65,9%	11,7%	60,4%	9,5%
South Korea		115,7	76,8	1.477,3	853,8	73,0%	5,9%	50,6%	4,2%
Taiwan		85,6	49,7	803,9	463,5	73,4%	3,2%	72,2%	3,1%
Rest of Asia		88,9	40,0	1.067,3	635,8	68%	4%	122%	3%
Rest of the World		47,6	58,5	503,2	453,5	11,0%	2,0%	-18,7%	1,7%
TOTAL		2.741,9	1.780,2	25.142,7	16.586,2	51,6%	100,0%	54,0%	100,0%

NOTICES 1: China includes Hong Kong; Ranking per month in course of year 2004; The trade with Mexico are included in the trade with ALADI and NAFTA.
SOURCE : Export Declarations.

IMPORTS PER GEOGRAPHIC AREAS AND MAIN COMMERCIAL PARTNERS (US\$ Millions)									
Area	Period					Jan-Oct 2004		October 2004	
	October 2004	October 2003	Jan-Oct 2004	Jan-Oct 2003		Percentual variation (04/03)	Percentual participation	Percentual variation (Oct 04/03)	Percentual participation
	AMERICA	1.275,7	993,2	10.569,3	8.448,2		25,1%	57,9%	28,4%
ALADI	899,5	720,1	7.452,3	5.989,7		24,4%	40,8%	24,9%	39,5%
Mercosur	702,4	587,7	5.836,1	4.876,5		19,7%	32,0%	19,5%	30,8%
Argentina	419,5	370,4	3.458,9	3.165,9		9,3%	19,0%	13,2%	18,4%
Brazil	262,5	196,4	2.237,5	1.607,9		39,2%	12,3%	33,7%	11,5%
Peru	85,9	43,1	569,8	350,3		62,7%	3,1%	99,6%	3,8%
Venezuela	27,4	5,9	151,9	99,8		52,2%	0,8%	363,3%	1,2%
Nafta	413,9	323,1	3.550,8	2.795,5		27,0%	19,5%	28,1%	18,2%
United States	331,0	238,0	2.753,4	2.130,0		29,3%	15,1%	39,1%	14,5%
Mexico	47,2	54,2	509,6	393,4		29,5%	2,8%	-13,0%	2,1%
Canada	35,8	30,9	287,9	272,1		5,8%	1,6%	16,0%	1,6%
Rest of America	9,4	4,2	75,7	56,4		34,3%	0,4%	124,2%	0,4%
EUROPE	329,9	264,2	3.180,1	2.941,3		8,1%	17,4%	24,8%	14,5%
European Union (25)	308,9	244,4	2.936,1	2.751,3		6,7%	16,1%	26,4%	13,6%
European Union (15)	302,1	241,1	2.884,9	2.696,6		7,0%	15,8%	25,3%	13,3%
Germany	88,0	53,0	678,1	585,4		15,8%	3,7%	66,1%	3,9%
Espain	46,5	40,4	430,6	368,1		17,0%	2,4%	15,0%	2,0%
France	39,1	36,8	416,1	494,5		-15,9%	2,3%	6,3%	1,7%
Italy	31,5	25,7	365,3	321,5		13,6%	2,0%	22,9%	1,4%
Rest of Europe	21,0	19,8	244,2	190,0		28,5%	1,3%	5,8%	0,9%
ASIA	489,6	326,1	3.435,5	2.636,7		30,3%	18,8%	50,1%	21,5%
China	211,5	150,4	1.539,4	1.129,3		36,3%	8,4%	40,6%	9,3%
Japan	94,8	54,5	657,8	512,4		28,4%	3,6%	73,8%	4,2%
South Corea	83,6	52,9	550,7	432,8		27,3%	3,0%	58,1%	3,7%
Taiwan	21,3	20,6	165,0	164,9		0,1%	0,9%	3,6%	0,9%
Rest of Asia	78,4	47,7	522,6	397,5		31%	3%	64%	3%
Rest of the World	182,4	49,0	1.067,3	439,4		142,9%	5,8%	272,5%	8,0%
TOTAL	2.277,6	1.632,5	18.252,3	14.465,6		26,2%	100,0%	39,5%	100,0%

NOTICES 1: China includes Hong Kong; Ranking per month in course of year 2004; The trade with Mexico are included in the trade with ALADI and NAFTA.
Source : Import Declarations.